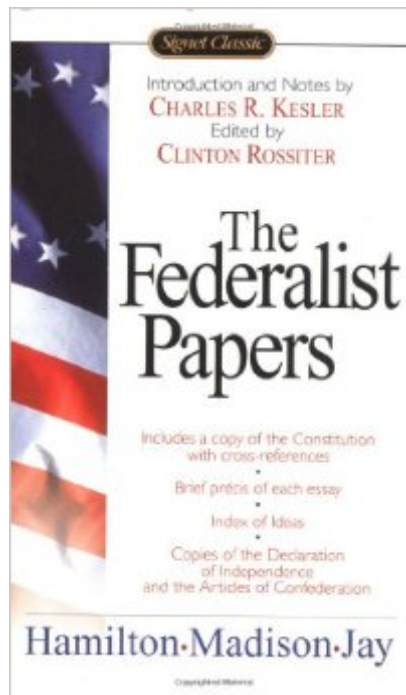


The book was found

The Federalist Papers (Signet Classics)



Synopsis

Originally published anonymously, The Federalist Papers first appeared in 1787 as a series of letters to New York newspapers exhorting voters to ratify the proposed Constitution of the United States. Still hotly debated, and open to often controversial interpretations, the arguments first presented here by three of America's greatest patriots and political theorists were created during a critical moment in our nation's history, providing readers with a running ideological commentary on the crucial issues facing democracy. Today The Federalist Papers are as important and vital a rallying cry for freedom as ever. This edition features the original eighteenth-century text, with James Madison's fascinating marginal notations, as well as a complete text of the Constitution.

Book Information

Mass Market Paperback: 688 pages

Publisher: Signet; 1 edition (April 1, 2003)

Language: English

ISBN-10: 0451528816

ISBN-13: 978-0451528810

Product Dimensions: 4.2 x 1.1 x 6.9 inches

Shipping Weight: 11.2 ounces (View shipping rates and policies)

Average Customer Review: 4.4 out of 5 stars [See all reviews](#) (681 customer reviews)

Best Sellers Rank: #4,369 in Books (See Top 100 in Books) #3 in [Books > Politics & Social Sciences > Politics & Government > Political Science > Constitutions](#) #13 in [Books > Literature & Fiction > United States > Classics](#) #23 in [Books > Politics & Social Sciences > Politics & Government > Specific Topics > Commentary & Opinion](#)

Customer Reviews

The new edition of THE FEDERALIST PAPERS edited by Clinton Rossiter and co. is probably the best paperback edition. Rossiter and Charles Kesler did a good job in presenting these papers, and their explanations and notes make this book clear for readers. THE FEDERALIST PAPERS alone are an important source of serious political thinking. In an age of almost unbridled political power, corruption, empire building, etc. THE FEDERALIST PAPERS are important reminder of what a Free Republic (not an empire) should be. THE FEDERALIST PAPERS were written by Alexander Hamilton (1757-1804), John Jay (1745-1829), and James Madison (1751-1835). Due to concerns about the New York State legislators ratifying the The U.S. Constitution, these papers were journal

pieces written to New York journals and newspapers to convince both the residents and state legislators to ratify The U.S. Constitution. One should note there were other published articles supporting ratification of The U.S. Constitution and other articles can be read in a text titled FRIENDS OF THE CONSTITUTION. What is alarming about THE FEDERALISTS PAPERS is that they were written for most readers. If one were to write such articles these days, most Americans would not read them nor comprehend them. This is a sad commentary on Americans regarding serious political writing regarding their birthright. If THE FEDERALIST PAPERS were assigned to high school kids, whoever would make such an assignment would be fired or worse. THE FEDERALIST PAPERS give important explanations of the separation of powers, limits of each branch of the central government (The Federal Government), and how political power should be used within severe limitations. These articles were a brilliant attempt to mitigate fears that The U.S.

One of the reviewers below challenges the notion that the US was ever a Democracy, however, he (apologies if it's a 'she') is viewing the Federalist Papers from the perspective of modern times, and that is a fallacy in reviewing this work, but fortunately it's an instructive fallacy. The issue with the Federalist Papers is that although it is the leading arguments for the creation of a more centralized government (to replace the Articles of Confederation which seemed inpracticible), not all of these arguments were adopted in the Constitution, and some that were did not survive very long. As a result, you may get the wrong impression that the Federalist Papers=the Constitution. Remember, Hamilton's party, the Federalists, did not survive much longer after the defeat of Adams by Jefferson in the 1800 election. The populism of Jefferson and Madison were the ultimate winners *at the time*. And my *at the time* comment is important. Nowadays the federal government of the US holds a superior and decisive position in the governing of its people; this has not always been the case. In the early-to-mid 19th century, federal power was severely limited when it came to internal affairs; most of the government was conducted at the local level, with some county and state control thrown in where applicable. So *at the time*, the fact that the Senate had 2 members from each state (and appointed by the state legislature) regardless of population was *not* a measure that was anti-democratic in purpose. Democracy existed because the government was predominantly local and the people were predominantly involved in its affairs.

[Download to continue reading...](#)

The Anti-Federalist Papers and the Constitutional Convention Debates (Signet Classics) The Federalist Papers (Signet Classics) The Debate on the Constitution Part 1: Federalist and Antifederalist Speeches: (Library of America #62) The Debate on the Constitution : Federalist and

Antifederalist Speeches, Articles, and Letters During the Struggle over Ratification : Part One, September 1787-February 1788 (Library of America) Amazing Origami Kit: Traditional Japanese Folding Papers and Projects [144 Origami Papers with Book, 17 Projects] Scholarly Writing for Law Students, Seminar Papers, Law Review Notes and Law Review Competition Papers (American Casebook Series) Truth and Progress: Philosophical Papers (Philosophical Papers (Cambridge)) (Volume 3) Objectivity, Relativism, and Truth: Philosophical Papers (Philosophical Papers (Cambridge)) (Volume 1) Mathematics, Science and Epistemology: Volume 2, Philosophical Papers (Philosophical Papers (Cambridge)) The Rape of the Lock and Other Poems (Signet Classics) Four Great Tragedies: Hamlet, Othello, King Lear, Macbeth (Signet Classics) The Inferno (Signet Classics) Lysistrata (Signet Classics) Richard III (Signet Classics) The Complete Poetry of Edgar Allan Poe (Signet Classics) Four Major Plays, Volume I (Signet Classics) The Tempest (Signet Classics) Cyrano de Bergerac (Signet Classics) As You Like It (Signet Classics) Tartuffe and Other Plays (Signet Classics)

[Dmca](#)